Proposed July 2019-June 2020 Audit Plan

PPS Office of Performance Audit shall adhere to the Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS, also known as the Yellow Book). The 2018 revision of GAGAS for performance audits will take effect on or after July 1, 2019.

The proposed audit plan was determined based on the 2016 PPS District-Wide Operational and Business Services Risk Assessment (RA), Secretary of State (SoS) 2019 Audit Report, Board Meetings, recommendations by the Audit Committee and others.

The order of the audit projects or engagements was based on recommendations by the Audit Committee, with consideration of current processes, availability of school staff members, and sufficient data to perform the audit or engagement. Other engagements are to be evaluated after new processes and procedures are implemented, and enough data can be gathered to determine operations effectiveness and efficiencies.

The engagements below will be performed sequentially but there is a chance that the audit plan may need to be adjusted in response to changes in PPS business, risk, operation, or resource limitation. Additionally, the hours indicated for each engagement are estimates only. Obstacles that will push out completion of engagements will be communicated with the Audit Committee.

Risk Analysis Rating/Degree (from the 2016 Risk Assessment):

Very high - 5 - Management has either not recognized the need to develop and implement practices, policies and procedures or has just begun to establish them. Individual expertise in assessing internal control adequacy is applied on an ad hoc basis. The organization lacks procedures to monitor internal control effectiveness. Management internal control reporting methods are absent.

High - 4 - The organization uses informal processes to initiate corrective action plans. Internal control assessment is dependent on the skill sets of key individuals. The organization has an increased awareness of internal control monitoring. Some methodologies and tools for monitoring internal controls are used, but the potential for serious incidents to occur is likely.

Moderate - 3 -Management supports and institutes internal control monitoring. Some policies and procedures are developed and some best practices are applied. Tools are being used, but are not necessarily integrated into all processes. Some level of risk and the potential for negative outcomes exist.

Operational Areas / Programs	2016 Risk		SoS Audit
2019-2020 Audit Review	Inherent	Control	303 Audit
#1) Support System for Principals is to provide coaching and support to principals and	n/a	n/a	Recommendation
teachers particularly at high-poverty schools.			#19

Objectives/Goals: The new structure is to better support schools and communities, and enhance coaching and embedding practices of instructional excellence. The goal is also to increase principal competency and reduce turnover of principals.

Summary: The newly designed structure aims at increasing the amount of school visits and principal mentorship by more than 50% compared to the previous structure.

Risks: Lack of District leadership support to principals can affect accountability, reduce quality, and lose trust and confidence between school based leaders, educators, and District administration.

Planning: This engagement was selected as the Secretary of State indicated in the audit results that the Board should ensure that the District's strategic plan addresses challenges in the organizational culture, including the division between central administrators, principals, and teachers. They also stated: "PPS should prioritize development stability of effective principals by providing incentives and additional support, particularly at high-poverty schools."

There currently are Area Assistant Superintendent who are assigned to support principals in various PreK-8 Schools and High Schools. The audit will include interviews with the Area Assistant Superintendent to verify the frequency of visits; if visits are tracked; how concerns or issues and feedback from principals are addressed and recorded; and determine the impact it has made to the principals and vice principals.

Timing: This will be the initial audit or engagement as the system support for Principals started two year; there is sufficient data that can be utilized for review.

Type of Performance Review: Audit

Degree of Complexity of Assessment: Medium

Estimated Hours: 500

Assessment/Audit Scope:

- 1) Evaluate roles and responsibilities of the Area Assistant Superintendents and Area Senior Directors.
- 2) Inquire and inspect tracking record of school visits and outcomes.
- 3) Compare data from the previous structure to the new structure to determine results and improvement.
- 4) Interview principals to get feedback regarding the new structure, particularly at high-poverty schools. (SoS stated on page 25, Obstacle 4: "Everybody wants to help," at Title I schools, one administrator told us, "but pretty soon the principals just want to run when they see 'help' coming."). Need to understand why the principals feel this way.
- 5) Interview leaders of PPS' teachers' union, the Portland Association of Teachers (PAT), to get their views.

Operational Areas / Programs	2016 Risk		SoS Audit
2019-2020 Audit Review	Inherent	Control	505 Audit
#2) Control on PCard Purchases The PCard allows government employees to make			Recommendation
purchases without the administrative cost of processing reimbursements or handling	n/a	n/a	#6
petty cash.			#0

Objectives/Goals: To allow government employees to easily make purchases without having to request preapproval, which has reduced administrative burden, and also take advantage of a 1.7% rebate on standard card purchases.

Summary: The Secretary of State (SoS) reported that their review of card transactions from July 2016 through March 2018 found the controls fall short of controls used by the state of Oregon and some other school districts. With 385 cardholders, the district has more cards in circulation and more spending than other large districts in Oregon.

Risks: Fraud, waste, and abuse can occur when there is no thorough review of card purchases; documents are not verified to support purchases; verification for the business purpose of expense is validated; insufficient category is not defined for tracking expenditures; or PCard is used inappropriately.

Planning: This area was selected to ensure the new guidelines, review process, and department audit of PCard purchases that took effect in April 2019 were implemented and that the operations controls are working effectively and efficiently.

Timing: This engagement will be performed in October or November 2019 so there will be at least six months of data for review.

Type of Performance Review: Validation

Degree of Complexity of Assessment: Medium

Estimated Hours: 240

Assessment/Audit Scope:

The items listed below were the steps taken by the department after the Secretary of State audit. The review will be to validate the new processes were implemented and

- 1) Management developed monthly report for reporting all infractions.
- 2) Infraction audit team began monthly meetings to review prior month's infractions.
- 3) Restrictions were implemented for certain purchases.
- 4) New PCard Manual incorporating new infraction table, new MCC code restrictions, updated list of prohibited and permitted purchases, and new guidance around certain purchases was created.
- 5) Management developed new set of template emails to notify cardholder, supervisors, and HR (as applicable) of infractions and disciplinary action.
- 6) Training materials for implementation of supervisor approval process in Bank of America Works was developed.
- 7) Auditor will randomly select reports reviewed by managers and validate reviews performed by the department were in accordance to the department policy and procedure.

Operational Areas / Programs	2016 Risk		SoS Audit
2019-2020 Audit Review	Inherent	Control	303 Addit
#3 Performance Measures is crucial to measure students performance and identify students who are struggling and require additional support. (2016 RA#27 "Priority Setting")	4	3.8	Recommendations #17, #18, #26a

Objectives/Goals: To measure students performance and identify students who are struggling or underperforming, determine the root cause or struggled areas, what changes are hindering student performance, and provide assistance or additional support to increase students' achievement.

Summary: Although PPS has seen substantial improvement in graduation rates, PPS is still behind most national comparison districts. Substantial achievement gaps based on race and economic status remain.

As far back as 1998, contracted audits have suggested better tracking of student performance.

Risks: Lack of or ineffective monitoring and evaluation of student performance will continue to lag. Students graduating from high school with low academic scores will not prepare them for college, career, or bright adulthood.

Planning: The Secretary of State emphasized on monitoring and improving students' academic achievements. There currently are performance measurements that are used to track students' progress. The audit is to determine if there are performance measures to help students who are struggling academically, particularly in low income schools, and evaluate how students are monitored to ensure they are making or continuing to make progress.

Timing: It was reported by the Deputy Superintendent that this is in the middle of the strategic plan. Goals are currently being created, which will be presented to the Board in July 2019, and adopted by Fall 2019.

The plan will be to perform the audit after January 2020, when there is sufficient data measurement for review.

Type of Performance Review: Audit

Degree of Complexity of Assessment: High

Estimated Hours: 600

Assessment/Audit Scope:

- 1) Identify resources, tools, metrics, and measurements to track students performance.
- 2) Examine data that is captured.
- 3) Verify the frequency of data review.
- 4) Determine how the current measurements/results are communicated.
- 5) Determine adequacy of action taken with the results.
- 6) Evaluate if students who are struggling academically are receiving additional support, particularly in low income schools, and how they are monitored to ensure there is continuous progress.
- 7) Interview teachers to get their views on how students are progressing.

Operational Areas / Programs	2016 Risk		SoS Audit
2019-2020 Audit Review	Inherent	Control	303 Audit
#4) Contracts are for professional services to help improve student performance.	n/a	n/a	Key Finding #4

Objectives/Goals: Contracts are intended to help improve student performance, particular the most vulnerable students.

Summary: Contracts need to be evaluated to determine if they are improving student performance, as they are intended for. PPS needs to incorporate best-practice performance management, including setting quantitative and qualitative performance expectations in contracts, establishing baseline measurements, and providing timely and constructive feedback to grantees.

Risks: Contracts that are not helping achieve student performance are wasted dollars/inefficient spending, as well as risk of negative public perception when goals and objectives are not met.

Planning: The audit will be to evaluate whether contracts, often intended for vulnerable students, are improving student performance; that there is effective oversite of all alternative education contracts; and that there are effective measurements to track student progress.

Timing: A Senior Advisor was recently hired by the Superintendent. The Advisor will be working with contractors for students' success and is currently in midstream of changing practices. The engagement will be performed in the last quarter of school year 2019-2020 to gather enough data to evaluate results.

Type of Performance Review: Audit

Degree of Complexity of Assessment: High

Estimated Hours: 600

Assessment/Audit Scope:

- 1) Identify various contracts for students' success and determine criteria for selection of contracts.
- 2) Analyze contracts, trends in services provided, and identify potential savings.
- 3) Examine data used to determine contracts are improving student performance outcomes as they are intended for.
- 5) Compare PPS' contracts with local districts and determine if there may be cost savings with implementation of contract partnership with certain providers or vendors.
- 6) Examine if contracts were submitted to the Board for review and approval.